First Year Students

Nebraska Law’s curriculum offers students a traditional foundation in legal analysis and reasoning and a wide range of elective upper-level courses that include hands-on practical experience through clinics and externships. The first-year curriculum provides full-year courses in Civil Procedure, Property, Contracts and semester-long courses in Torts and Criminal Law, and Perspectives in International Law. In addition to this strong core curriculum, first-year students immerse themselves in a Legal Analysis, Writing and Research (LAWR) Skills course that focuses on legal research and writing, professionalism, career planning, and ethics. ([http://law.unl.edu/first-year-curriculum](http://law.unl.edu/first-year-curriculum))

First year students will be taking 15 hours during the fall semester and 15 hours during the spring semester. The fall and spring classes are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fall</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAW 501</td>
<td>Contracts I</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>LAW 508</td>
<td>Criminal Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAW 513</td>
<td>Legal Analysis, Writing and Research (LAWR)</td>
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<td>LAW 503</td>
<td>Torts I</td>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAW 516</td>
<td>Civil Procedure I</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAW 514</td>
<td>Legal Analysis, Writing and Research (LAWR)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAW 518</td>
<td>International Perspectives in the U.S. Legal System: Practicing Law in a Global Legal Environment</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAW 505</td>
<td>Property I</td>
<td>5</td>
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First year students are divided into two sections of approximately 75 students for each course. Each section is taught by a different professor. The first year courses are organized as follows:

1. **Fall Semester Courses:**

   - **Contracts** is a one semester, 5 credit hour fall course.
   - **Criminal Law** is a one semester, 3 credit hour fall course.
   - **Torts** is a one semester, 4 credit hour fall course.
   - **Legal Analysis, Writing and Research (LAWR)** is a two semester course in which students learn legal research, writing and other skills that will help develop the student into a successful attorney. The Research and Writing portion of the course is taught primarily by adjunct professors in small groups of about 16 students each. LAWR is a 3 credit hours course in the fall semester and a 3 credit hour course in the spring semester. Students receive a final grade for LAWR at the end of the spring semester.

2. **Spring Semester Courses:**

   - **Civil Procedure** is a one semester, 4 credit hour spring course.

Final exams are given for each course at the end of semester and final grades will be assigned, with the exception of LAWR, which will not receive a final grade until the end of the spring semester.

**Upperclass Students**

The upper-level curriculum ([http://law.unl.edu/full-course-listing/](http://law.unl.edu/full-course-listing/)) offers a broad array of choices for students as they begin to explore future careers. Students can concentrate in a specialty area, such as litigation skills, business law, solo and small firm practice, intellectual property, space law, environmental law, and so forth. Any student can create an individualized program of study supervised by a professor. Many students also get real-world experience by participating in a clinic or doing an externship. Nebraska Law offers clinics in civil practice, criminal practice, immigration practice, and as advisors to entrepreneurs and start-up businesses. In these clinics, students represent real clients under the supervision of a professor.

**Graduation Requirements**

In order to graduate, students must satisfactorily complete 93 credit hours. It is possible for a student to graduate in 2 ½ years by attending summer school after his or her first or second year of law school or both. A student cannot graduate from the College of Law any earlier than 2 ½ years after starting law school.

All law students are responsible for six semesters of the Law College fee. Students who graduate in December will pay the sixth semester fee in their last semester at the Law College.

**Transfer students** must complete at least 45 graded hours at the College of Law and have a 3.000 GPA to be eligible for a degree with distinction.

**Required Courses**

Although students are free, for the most part, to choose which courses to take during the second and third years, there are some requirements and limitations to be aware of. Those requirements and limitations are as follows:

1. Students must take a seminar that has a substantial writing requirement. The seminar may be taken at any point during the second or third years.
Psycholegal Research does not satisfy the seminar requirement, except when taken by a student enrolled in the Law/Psychology joint degree program.

Research in a Selected Field does not satisfy the seminar requirement, unless

(a) taken by a student during his/her last semester at the College of Law;

(b) all seminars offered that semester are full; and

(c) the student has received permission from the Dean of Students.

(2) Students must take a course in Professional Responsibility. Legal Profession meets this requirement.

(3) Students must take at least 6 credit hours of upper level professional skills courses to graduate (also an ABA requirement). The courses that meet this requirement are:

Advanced Legal Research
Advocacy in Mediation
Alternative Dispute Resolution
Business Planning
Client Interviewing & Counseling
Clinical Practice - Children's Justice Clinic
Clinical Practice - Civil
Clinical Practice - Criminal
Clinical Practice - Entrepreneurship
Clinical Practice - Housing Justice
Clinical Practice - Immigration
Construction Practice
Estate Planning Clinic
Estate Planning Problems
Exterships (if approved by Dean Moberly)
Family Mediation
Mediation
Negotiations
Patent Practice & Innovation Management
Pretrial Litigation
Trial Advocacy

How to Select Courses

There are many more courses offered than students will be able to take over two years as an upperclassman. Some general thoughts on how to decide which courses to select:

1. Take courses which will provide a basic, well-rounded legal education. Such courses include:
   - an ADR course (Advocacy in Mediation, Arbitration or Mediation)
   - Administrative Law
   - Business Associations
   - a commercial law course (Bankruptcy, Secured Transactions, Banking Law, or Economic Justice)
   - Criminal Procedure
   - Evidence
   - Individual Income Tax I
   - Wills and Trusts

2. Take a broad range of courses from a variety of faculty.

3. Take courses because of interest in the subject matter.

4. Be aware of prerequisites and keep options open by taking prerequisites during the second year of law school. For example Business Associations, Individual Income Tax I and Evidence are prerequisites for other classes. If taken during the second year, there may have more options to take classes for which they are prerequisites.

5. Take experiential courses to provide a taste of the practice of law, such as courses involving simulations (trial advocacy, business planning, negotiations, client counseling, etc.) or real client interaction (clinics, externship). Many doctrinal courses also include an experiential component. The faculty member teaching a course is always the best source of information as to course content.

6. Decide (during the second year) whether to pursue a Program of Concentrated Study and start taking courses required for that program.

7. Consult with a faculty advisor or any member of the faculty or administration for general advice. Talk to the faculty member who teaches a particular course for information about that course.

Juris Doctor Application Requirements

Applicants must have completed all requirements for a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution before they begin their first year of study in the College of Law. There are no required undergraduate courses or majors as a prerequisite to admission.

All states assess the character and fitness of applicants for admission to the bar. Applicants who believe past conduct might affect their admission to the bar in a state in which they intend to practice should contact the appropriate board of bar examiners. A directory of state bar examiners can be found here (http://www.ncbex.org/).

Applicants must register for Credential Assembly Service (CAS) through the Law School Admissions Council (LSAC) (http://www.lsac.org/). Registering for the CAS should be done prior to application. Once a prospective student applies for admission and completes all necessary components of the CAS, the University of Nebraska College of Law will request an applicant's law school report from LSAC. This report will include an applicant's LSAT scores, summary of academic work, copies of all postsecondary transcripts, and letters of recommendation.
To Apply
Go to http://law.unl.edu/apply/ to for additional application requirements or to apply to the University of Nebraska College of Law J.D. program.

Admissions Policy
In making admission decisions, the Admissions Committee attempts to identify as best it can those applicants who have the ability to compete successfully in a rigorous academic environment, to contribute to a diverse intellectual community, and to engage successfully in the career of their choice in an increasingly diverse society. Because these characteristics are not always captured by an applicant’s LSAT score or overall grade point average, the Committee considers any upward or downward trend in the applicant’s academic performance over time, the quality of the applicant’s undergraduate institution, the applicant’s major and activities, letters of recommendation, personal statement, educational or economic disadvantages the applicant has overcome to obtain an undergraduate education, status as the first generation in a family to graduate from college or university or attend law school, commitment of future service to underserved communities, and any other information other than race, sex, color, ethnicity, or national origin supplied by the applicant.

Neither the Committee nor the College seeks to obtain any particular number or percentage of diverse candidates, but they do seek a diverse mix of students to ensure that the College has a sufficient range of background and experience in its student body to permit a deep, broad, and vigorous intellectual environment. As this description indicates, the admissions process is flexible, no particular factor in itself determines admission or non-admission, and the Committee has sufficient discretion to consider each applicant individually on the basis of the entire file.